

FOREIGN FOODS UNIT TEST

(This could also be a pretest or a preassessment)

Name _____ Period _____

Match the foods on the left with the countries that they are associated with on the right. You may use some of the countries more than once.

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|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ___ 1. Sauerkraut | A. China |
| ___ 2. Tamales | B. England |
| ___ 3. Sweet-sour dishes | C. France |
| ___ 4. Espresso | D. Germany |
| ___ 5. Daubes | E. Greece |
| ___ 6. Yorkshire pudding | F. Italy |
| ___ 7. Pastas | G. Mexico |
| ___ 8. Dumplings | H. Scandinavian countries |
| ___ 9. Smoked and salted fish | |
| ___ 10. Scones | |
| ___ 11. Many types of beans | |
| ___ 12. Lamb | |

TRUE-FALSE Write either T or F on the blank to the left of the sentence.

- ___ 13. The French are famous for their flavorful sauces and soups.
- ___ 14. Germans use a lot of wine in cooking.
- ___ 15. The French breakfast is very hearty.
- ___ 16. English foods are substantial and served without sauces.
- ___ 17. Fish and seafood are popular in northern Italy.

- ___ 18. Corn is a staple in the Mexican diet.
- ___ 19. Bread is the central part of every Greek meal.
- ___ 20. Long, slow cooking is typical in China.
- ___ 21. Scandinavians are famous for the smorgasbord.
- ___ 22. Milk is not generally used in Mexican cooking.
- ___ 23. Rice is a staple grain in both China and Germany.
- ___ 24. The French use a lot of butter in cooking and as a spread on bread.
- ___ 25. The main meal of the day is served at noon in France and Germany.