## Growing Generations of Similar Figures

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Build growing generations of similar figures. Use the same pattern block units for each succeeding generation. For example, how many square pattern blocks will you use to create the next larger square for each generation? How many triangle blocks will you use to create the next larger triangle, etc. Example: Generation 1 $\qquad$ Generation


Hint: Each pattern block piece represents one unit of area

| Generation | Scale <br> Factor | Units of area <br> (sketch) | Units of area <br> (sketch) | Units of area <br> (sketch) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | $\square$ | 1 |

1) What is the rule you would use to figure out the $20^{\text {th }}$ generation without building the generation?
2) How can you know if the generation you are building is similar (by mathematical definition) to the preceding generations?
3) Given that two figures are similar, complete the table below to show the area of the larger figure.

| Area of small <br> figure | Scale <br> factor | Area of larger figure = area of smaller $\mathbf{x}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| scale factor ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |$|$| $5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | 2 |
| :---: | :--- |
|  |  |
| $5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | 3 |
| $5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | 4 |
|  |  |
| $4 \mathrm{yd}^{2}$ | 2 |
|  |  |
| $4 \mathrm{yd}^{2}$ | 3 |
|  |  |
| $4 \mathrm{yd}^{2}$ | 4 |
|  |  |
| $10 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ | 2 |
|  |  |
| $10 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ | 3 |
| $10 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ | 4 |
|  |  |

4) What happens to the area of a given figure when you double the dimensions?
5) What happens to the area of a given figure when you triple the dimensions?
6) What happens to the area of a given figure when you use a scale factor of 4 ?
