

Desert Habitat

Desert is defined as a region that gets less than 10 inches of precipitation per year.

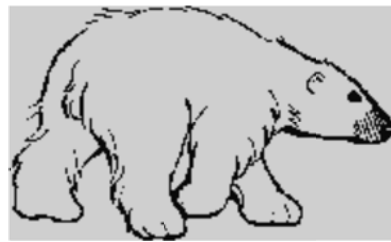
- Deserts cover 1/5 (20%) of Earth's land area.
- Deserts are found on every continent.
- Deserts have very little rainfall; less than 10 inches per year.
- Deserts usually experience extreme temperatures.
- Deserts have limited plant and animal life.
- The largest desert in the Sahara in Africa.
- Animals found in a desert:
 - Camels
 - Desert Tortoise
 - Military Sand Dragon
 - Fox
 - Meerkats
 - Mountain Lions



Tundra Habitat

Tundra comes from the Finnish word “tunturia” which means treeless plain.

- A tundra is a cold, treeless place.
- Usually found near the North and South poles.
- This is the coldest habitat.
- Usually have very little precipitation.
- Short growing season
- Two types of tundra: Arctic and Alpine
 - Arctic Tundra is a frozen, windy, desert-like plain
 - Growing season: 50-60 days
 - Greenland, Alaska, Canada, Europe, Russia
 - Animals: arctic fox, polar bears, wolves, caribou
 - Alpine tundra is found in the mountains above the tree line.
 - Growing season: 180 days
 - Night temperatures are usually below freezing
 - Animals: mountain goats, sheep, marmots



Ocean Habitat

Ocean

- Oceans contain 97% of Earth's water supply.
- Oceans are $\frac{3}{4}$ (75%) of Earth's surface.
- All of the oceans on Earth are connected.
- Animals found in the ocean:
 - Whales
 - Sharks
 - Clams
 - Starfish
 - Jellyfish



Rain Forest Habitat

Rain Forest

- Rain forests are dense, warm, wet forests.
- Plants from rain forests generate much of Earth's oxygen.
- Rain forests are located near the equator.
- 30% of remaining rain forests are found in Brazil.
- Animals found in the rain forest:
 - Toucan
 - Red-eyed tree frog
 - Orangutan
 - Gorilla
 - Boa

