

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Hour \_\_\_\_\_

## PRESCHOOLERS SOCIAL/EMOTIONAL STUDY GUIDE

Read from your text book and answer the following questions.

1. Most four-year-old children are more interested in their \_\_\_\_\_ than they are in adults. They play best in groups of three or four. They are often \_\_\_\_\_ and inconsiderate. Fighting is common. They have a strong sense of family and home. They often \_\_\_\_\_ with their brothers and sisters.
2. Five-year-olds are more outgoing and talkative. They play best in groups of \_\_\_\_\_. Their play is more complicated, and they have more \_\_\_\_\_ for the belongings of others. They are more concerned about what their friends say and do. They do not like to be \_\_\_\_\_ from their friends. They play much better with younger brothers and sisters.
3. Six-year-olds want everything and want to do things in their own way. Their best friends are usually of the same \_\_\_\_\_. They tend to form groups that exclude other children. They like group play and organized teams. They are very \_\_\_\_\_ centered and argue with their parents.
4. Most four-year-olds are not as pleasant to live with as they were at \_\_\_\_\_. They are more selfish, impatient, defiant, and boastful. They can be loving and affectionate. They \_\_\_\_\_ parental approval. They are increasingly independent.
5. Four-year-olds use their language ability with enthusiasm. They boast, tell tall tales, and \_\_\_\_\_ on others. They have difficulty separating \_\_\_\_\_ from fantasy. Their exaggerations are not deliberate lies. They do not like people to laugh at their mistakes, and they do not want to be a \_\_\_\_\_ anymore.

6. Five-year-old children enter a quiet period. They are practical, sympathetic, and serious. They are more realistic and conform to \_\_\_\_\_ more easily. Adult criticism is very hard for them to take.
  
7. Six-year-olds are stubborn and quarrelsome. They resent directions and \_\_\_\_\_ everything. They are the center of their own universe and are often at their worst with their \_\_\_\_\_.
  
8. A major emotion that changes with age is \_\_\_\_\_. For example, at age four, a child still likes to \_\_\_\_\_ with others. At age five, children tend to hurt others \_\_\_\_\_ rather than hurt them physically. At age six, children tease, insult, nag, and make \_\_\_\_\_ of others.
  
9. Because children aged 4-6 have well-developed \_\_\_\_\_, they often have fears based on imaginary dangers. Sensitive and insecure children are more prone to fear. Fear of the \_\_\_\_\_ is common.
  
10. Jealousy of brothers and sisters is common in preschoolers. It often takes the form of \_\_\_\_\_.