



Name _____ Period _____ Date _____

JUDGING CLOTHING WORKMANSHIP

Directions: Fill in the answers on this page as you watch the video. You'll need to be alert and listen carefully.

1. One major sign of quality workmanship is the _____.

2. Lines need to hang _____.

3. Quality workmanship can be seen in the following parts of a garment and should be checked carefully before purchasing and/or making a garment:

Plaids: Should be matched at the _____ seams and _____.

Napped fabrics: All pieces should be cut in the _____.

Seams: Are judged by the _____ and should be at least _____ wide.

Seam finishes: All seams should be finished to prevent _____.

Stitching: All stitching should be _____ and _____.

Buttons: Should be sewn on securely with _____ thread.

A button shank should last for the _____.

Buttons should be strategically placed to prevent _____.

Zippers: Three things that show quality workmanship are:

1. _____ 2. _____

3. _____

Buttonholes: Should be made with _____ stitches.

Hems: Width is determined by the _____ of the garment; the _____ the fabric, the _____ smaller the hem.

Facings: Should: 1. _____ 2. _____

3. _____ 4. _____

Interfacing: Should be the _____ weight for the garment fabric.

Linings: Properly fit linings should:

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____



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Sleeves: Should be able to _____ with the arm.

Collars: Should be: 1. _____ 2. _____
3. _____ 4. _____

Waistbands: Should be _____ and have an _____.

Pockets: Should be: 1. _____ 2. _____
3. _____ 4. _____

Trims: Add _____ to the garment; must be applied _____
and _____, and _____ must be the same as the
garment fabric.

4. Consumers must insist on _____ from manufacturers.

