Heat Transfer

Summary

Students will use materials provided to demonstrate radiation, conduction and convection.

Time Frame

1 class periods of 60 minutes each

Group Size

Small Groups

Materials

light source (flashlight, spotlight, desk lamp)

beakers

heat source (alcohol burner, hot plate, candle),

beakers

water

food color

metal tweezers

wax or color crayons

thermometer

paper towels (there are many other materials you could use and students may suggest some others)

- student sheet

(attached)

Background for Teachers

This activity can be done as an introductory activity or during a unit on energy transfer.

Student Prior Knowledge

Students should have some knowledge of radiation, convection or conduction or have some way to find out (textbook, notes, Internet).

Instructional Procedures

Group students in lab groups of 3-4 students. Show them the materials that each group will have available.

Allow time for students to develop their ideas and demonstrate them. There are many ways they could choose to demonstrate heat transfer. If you wish to see each groups work, ask them to show their models to you to initial before going on to the 3 way transfer activity.

Allow time for students to develop the 3 way heat transfer and then ask them to explain it to the class.

Give students an opportunity to fill in the table for analysis and write a conclusion.

Assessment Plan

Scoring Guide

:

1. Students correctly	y demonstrate 3 types of he	eat transfer4	
2. Student create ar	nd demonstrate three indivi	dual heat transfers4	
3. Students create a	and model a 3 way heat tra	nsfer4	
4. Students correctly	v fill out table:		
	Radiation	Conduction	C
	Heat travels through	Heat travels from one	Heated si
	chaco ac an infrared	object to another when	local anac

	Radiation	Conduction	Convention
Definition	Heat travels through	Heat travels from one	Heated substances rise,
	space as an infrared	object to another when	cool ones sink.
	wave.	they touch.	
How you	Answers will vary		
demonstrated			
What medium did it	air	May vary	Air or water
travel in?			
An example from	Sunlight, lights in a room	Pan on a stove	Heat rising up a chimney
real life			
Important because	It is how heat travels from	It is how we cook food and	Keeps air and water
	the sun to us.	sometimes heat homes.	moving on Earth.
			Spreads heat around a
			home.

Bibliography

Lesson Design by Jordan School District Teachers and Staff.

Authors

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