Represent and solve equations and inequalities (Standards A.REI.11).

Standard A.REI.11: Explain why the *x*-coordinates of the points where the graphs of the equations y = f(x) and y = g(x) intersect are the solutions of the equation f(x) = g(x); find the solutions approximately, for example, using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive approximations. Include cases where f(x) and/or g(x) are linear, polynomial, rational, absolute value, exponential, and logarithmic functions. \star

Concepts and Skills to Master

- Approximate solutions to systems of two equations using graphing technology.
- Approximate solutions to systems of two equations using tables of values.
- Explain why the x-coordinates of the points where the graphs of the equations y = f(x) and y = g(x) intersect are the solutions of the equation f(x) = g(x).
- Be able to express that when f(x) = g(x), the two equations have the same solution(s).
- Explain, in their own words, how the x-coordinate of a solution to the system y = f(x) and y = g(x) solves f(x) = g(x).
- Find approximate solutions for the system y = f(x) and y = g(x) using graphs or tables.
- Use successive approximations as a method to solve the system y = f(x) and y = g(x).

Related Standards: Current Course	Related Standards: Future Courses
III.A.CED.2, III.A.CED.3, III.A.REI.2, III.F.LE.5, III.F.TF.7	P.A.REI.8, P.A.REI.9

Support for Teachers

Critical Background Knowledge (Access Background Knowledge)

- Understanding that the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted on a coordinate plane (I.A.REI.10)
- Explain why the x-coordinate is the solution of the system of equations where f(x) = g(x) (I.A.REI.11)

Academic Vocabulary

system of equations, intersection, approximation, root, zero, solution

Resources

Curriculum Resources: https://www.uen.org/core/core.do?courseNum=5630#71607