

MALE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS

COWPER'S GLANDS:	Two small glands that secrete a clear sticky fluid to help neutralize the acidity of the urethra.
EPIDIDYMUS:	The place where sperm are stored until they ripen or mature.
GENITALS:	Sex organs (male or female).
PENIS:	The organ of transfer (sperm or semen) containing the urethra. The male external reproductive organ.
PROSTATE GLAND:	A gland located beneath the bladder. It produces fluid to mix with the semen. It is a sticky fluid that helps neutralize the acidity of the urethra.
SPERM:	The male reproductive cell.
SEMEN:	Mixture of sperm cells and gland secretions.
SEMINAL VESICLES:	Where a sticky, sugary fluid to nourish the sperm is produced. This fluid provides 60 percent of the semen.
SCROTUM:	The sac around the testicles. A muscular tissue that holds the testes to suspend them away from the body.
TESTES (TESTICLE):	The organ that produces sperm.
TESTICLES:	Organs that produce male reproductive cells (sperm) and hormones.
URETHRA:	The passageway to transfer urine or semen outside of the body. It passes through the middle of the penis.
VAS DEFERENS:	The passageway carrying the sperm from the epididymus to the seminal vesicles.