

EMPHASIS
CENTER OF INTEREST
ONE MAIN FOCAL
POINT

BALANCE
PARTS OF A WHOLE
ARE ARRANGED
SO AS TO ACHIEVE A
FEELING OF REST
AND EQUILIBRIUM

SCALING

THE RELATIONSHIP OF

THE SIZE OF ONE

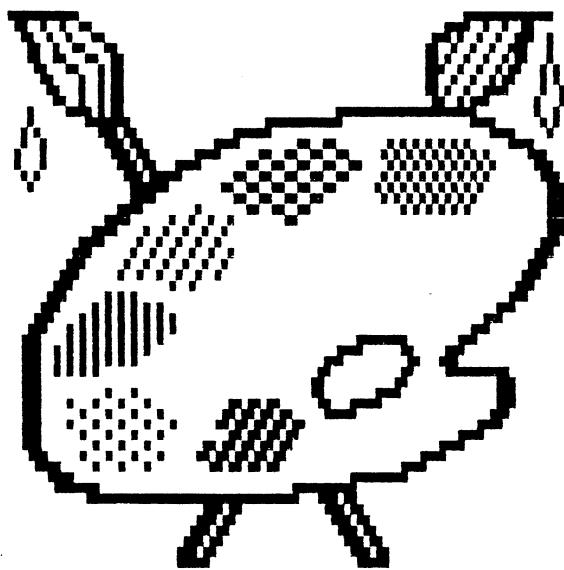
PART TO ANOTHER

PART

RHYTHM
THE EYE IS MOVED
EASILY FROM ONE
PART TO ANOTHER,
BY REPEATING OR
PROGRESSING A
LINE, DESIGN
OR ACCENT



ELEMENTS OF FASHION DESIGN



PROPORTION-

**The relation of
the parts to
each other and
the whole.**

The way space

is divided

LINE:

HORIZONTAL
VERTICLE
CURVED
DIAGONAL
NARROW
WIDE



FIGURE 11-22. The figure on the left shows how a patterned fabric with considerable contrast in lightness and darkness enlarges an area. Compare this garment with the one on the right, in which there is less contrast.

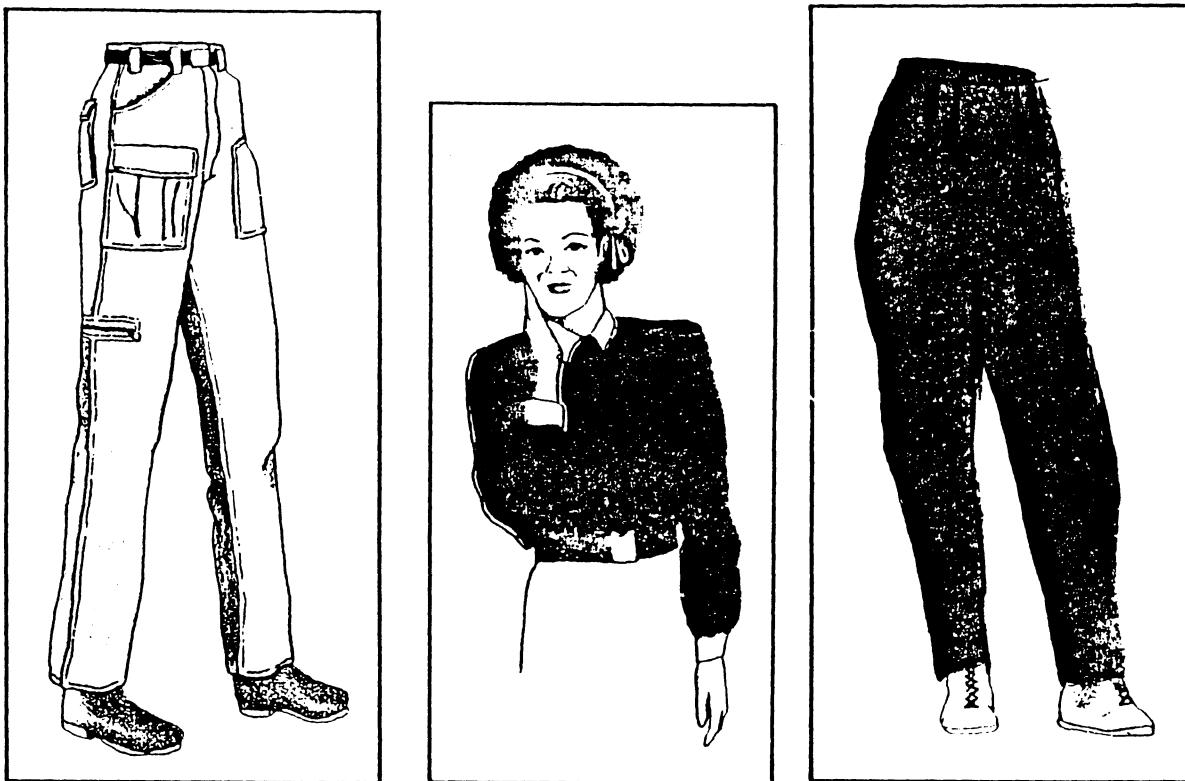


FIGURE 11-30. To add fullness to the hip area, try pants with multiple pockets.

FIGURE 11-31. Soft shoulder gathers can help balance a full bust.

FIGURE 11-32. The side pleats on these pants can disguise a rounded stomach.



FIGURE 11-20. Color can be used to change proportions. Light or bright colors attract attention, while dark or subdued colors seem to recede.



FIGURE 11-19. A dark tie stands out on the light background of a shirt.

