

## TEXTILE BASICS WORKSHEET

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

Using the terms that follow, complete the sentences about fiber content, fiber and garment construction and fabric finishes.

colorfastness	wool	moisture absorbency
heat sensitive	resiliency	characteristic
weaving and knitting	labels	evaporate
negative care	permanent press	cold

1. The ability to absorb water is called \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Fibers that may be damaged by high temperatures in washing, drying and ironing are called \_\_\_\_\_.
3. The ability of a fiber to return to its original size and shape after it has been twisted and crumpled is called \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Strength is another fiber \_\_\_\_\_ that affects garment care.
5. The \_\_\_\_\_ of a fabric is determined by its ability to maintain its exact shade of color throughout the life of the garment.
6. Twisting or stretching may damage \_\_\_\_\_ fibers.
7. A water-repellent finish may close the spaces between yarns in a fabric, making it impossible for perspiration to \_\_\_\_\_.
8. The two most common types of fabric construction used for clothing are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ garments are treated to hold their original shapes, pleats, and creases.
10. A permanent press garment should be rinsed in \_\_\_\_\_ water.
11. Permanent care \_\_\_\_\_ are usually sewed in to the back of the neckline in blouses and sweaters.
12. Garment care instructions that tell you not to do something are called \_\_\_\_\_ instructions.