Name $\qquad$ Period $\qquad$ Date $\qquad$

## Career Skills - Cashier Activity

1. When counting change, you should give the least number of coins possible. For example:

- If the amount of change is 18 cents, you should not give the customer 18 pennies ( 18 coins).
- It is also not practical to give the customer three nickels and three pennies (six coins).
- It is best to give the customer one dime, one nickel, and three pennies (five coins).

2. Give the change to the customer by stating the amount of the bill, and counting up to the amount of money received. For example:

- If the amount of the bill is .65 cents, and the customer gives you $\$ 1$, the steps in making change are:
.65 cents and one dime equal .75 cents, plus .25 cents equal $\$ 1$.
- If the amount of the bill is $\$ 1.20$, and the customer gives you $\$ 2$, change is given like this:
$\$ 1.20$ plus one nickel equal $\$ 1.25$, plus three quarters equal $\$ 2$.

Write the correct amount of change under the correct column below. Remember ~ Use the smallest number of coins possible! Use the "play money" provided by your teacher to practice counting change for the examples on the student activity guide.

| Amount <br> of Bill | Amount <br> Received | Change <br> Amount | Pennies | Nickels | Dimes | Quarters | Dollars | \# of <br> pieces |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ .35$ | $\$ .50$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\$ .95$ | $\$ 5.00$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\$ .27$ | $\$ 1.00$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\$ .12$ | $\$ .25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\$ .70$ | $\$ .75$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\$ 1.37$ | $\$ 2.00$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\$ 3.56$ | $\$ 5.00$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

