UNIT TEST: UTAH INDIAN CURRICULUM PROJECT LESSONS

NAME:	DATE:

Choose the best answer for each question

PAIUTE QUESTIONS

- 1. Which of the following women is not a Paiute leader?
- a. Lora Tom
- b. Sarah Winnemucca Hopkins
- c. Sacagawea
- 2. Which Paiute leader was the first American Indian woman to write a book and have it published?
- a. Lora Tom
- b. Sarah Winnemucca Hopkins
- c. Sacagawea
- 3. Which Paiute leader has led the Southern Paiute of Utah through modern challenges?
- a. Lora Tom
- b. Sarah Winnemucca Hopkins
- c. Sacagawea

- 4. Which Paiute woman is leading the young people of the tribe by practicing and teaching cultural traditions?
- a. Sacagawea
- b. Shanan Martineau
- c. Sarah Winnemucca Hopkins
- 5. How are modern Paiute tribal chairmen/chairwomen chosen to lead their people?
- a. election
- b. inheritance
- c. draw names

UTE QUESTIONS

- 6. The war named after this leader involved the stealing of more than two thousand head of cattle.
- a. Black Hawk
- b. Wakara
- c. Ouray
- 7. This Ute leader made a name for himself as a peacemaker and led the Utes from the reservation to make the government recognize the needs of his people.
- a. Ouray
- b. Chipeta
- c. Tabby-To-Kwanah
- 8. This Ute leader was known for his diplomacy and helped negotiate the release of the hostages during the Meeker incident.
- a. Ouray
- b. Black Hawk
- c. Wakara

- 9. This leader worked to keep the peace between the Utes and the LDS settlers for many years, but conflicts began after the territorial government made laws that impacted Ute economic interests.
- a. Black Hawk
- b. Wakara
- c. Chipeta
- 10. This Ute leader met with President Hayes and President Grant while fighting for the rights of the Utes with the federal government.
- a. Ouray
- b. Tabby-To-Kwanah
- c. Wakara

NAVAJO QUESTIONS

- 11. The Miss Navajo competition challenges young women to learn all but which of the following subjects?
- a. traditional Navajo skills
- b. Navajo history
- c. English grammar
- 12. The Miss Navajo crown is made of which materials?
- a. gold and diamonds
- b. leather and feathers
- c. silver and turquoise
- 13. The Miss Navajo competition started in which decade?
- a. 1990s
- b. 1880s
- c. 1950s

- 14. Which animal is important to the Navajos' culture and economy and is incorporated into the knowledge Miss Navajo contestants are tested on?
- a. hawk
- b. coyote
- c. sheep
- 15. Miss Navajo is expected to represent which quality for the Navajo Nation?
- a. beauty
- b. cultural awareness
- c. fashion design

GOSHUTE QUESTIONS

16. The Goshutes are known for their skills in which area?

- a. horse training
- b. horticulture
- c. pottery

17. The ancestral lifestyle of the Goshutes depended upon which of these resources?

- a. horses
- b. natural springs
- c. sheep

18. Which of the following non-Indian groups did not travel through the Goshute homeland?

- a. Pony Express
- b. Overland Stage
- c. Russian settlers

19. Which was not a problem placed on the Goshutes by the intrusion into their lands by non-Indian people?

- a. natural springs fenced in
- b. game animals frightened or hunted off
- c. Goshute cattle were poached

20. Goshutes are known to have eaten all but which of the following foods?

- a. rabbits
- b. polar bears
- c. insects

NORTHWESTERN SHOSHONE QUESTIONS

- 21. The farm that the Northwestern Shoshone lived on after the Bear River Massacre was named for this leader.
- a. Sagwitch
- b. Washakie
- c. Ouray
- 22. Shoshone leader Washakie is thought to have lived almost one hundred years. Which century did he live through?
- a. 1700s
- b. 1800s
- c. 1900s
- 23. Which Shoshone leader was present at the Bear River Massacre but escaped alive?
- a. Sagwitch
- b. Washakie
- c. Bear Hunter

- 24. This Shoshone leader was known as a negotiator and a fierce warrior. His name means "the Rattler," for the loud rattle he carried into battles.
- a. Bear Hunter
- b. Sagwitch
- c. Washakie
- 25. What did Washakie believe would be the modern "weapon my people need to protect them"?
- a. guns
- b. fences
- c. education